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*Hanover, July 22, N. S.*

ON the 18th Inſtant in the Evening Captain Guy Dickens, his Majeſty's Secretary at the Court of Berlin, arrived here, and waited the next Day on his Majeſty at Herrenhauſen, who received him very graciouſly. The 19th M. Chavigny, Miniſter from the moſt Chriſtian King to the Court of Great Britain, arrived here from England, having firſt been at Mentz to compliment the new Elector on the Part of the King his Maſter. The 20th the Right Honourable the Lord Harrington gave a moſt ſplendid Entertainment to his Highneſs Prince George of Heſſe, the Prince of Naſſau Siegen, the Count d' Altenburg, the Lords of the Regency, Foreign Miniſters, and a great many other Perſons of Diſtinction. The Baron de Bevern, Privy Councellor and Grand Marſhal to the Elector Palatine, alſo Preſident of his Eccleſiaſtical Courts, arrived ſome Days ago at this Place; but by Reaſon of his Indiſpoſition was not able to wait on the King till this Morning, when he had his Audience; he comes on the Part of his moſt Serene Highneſs to compliment his Majeſty on his Arrival in his German Dominions.

*Whitehall, July 17.*

An Expreſs from the Earl Waldegrave, his Majeſty's Ambaſſadour at the Court of France, has brought Letters from Mr. Keene, his Majeſty's Miniſter Plenipotentiary at Seville, dated the 9th of July, N. S. giving an Account of the Arrival there of three Officers from the Spaniſh Army at Oran, with the following Advices. The firſt was a Brother of the Duke de St. Blas, who brought the News, that on the 30th of June, N. S. the Day after their Landing, the General Count Montemar ſent out a Party of about 60 Men to obſerve the Moors, who being nearer them than they imagined, they were obliged to retire, and the Moors were tempted to attack them, and drove them to the advanced Guard, which not being able to ſupport them, the Grand Guard marched to their Aſſiſtance, and to ſuſtain the latter, Count Montemar ordered the whole Army to march in ſix Columns, till the Left Wing was entirely engaged with the Enemy, and in four Hours from the Beginning of the Action, obliged them to abandon a very advantageous Poſt which commands the Fort of Mazalquivir. The Moors loſt a conſiderable Number of Men, but the Spaniards had only 30 killed, and about 150 wounded. A Son in Law of Count Montemar's came ſoon after, with an Account, that the Engliſh and French Conſuls had written to the Spaniſh General, to acquaint him, that the Moors were in ſuch Conſternation, that they began to abandon the City, and every one was pillaging, ſo that the Conſuls fearing to be expoſed to the Fury of the People, deſired they might have a Guard to ſecure their Perſons: Upon which the General was marching with the Army directly to the Town. And by the Marqueſs de las Minas, who arrived at Seville the 8th of July, N. S. at Two in the Morning, the Court had received Advice, that on the 1ſt Inſtant N. S. Poſſeſſion was taken of the Town, and the Fort of Mazalquivir, in which were about 150 Turks, who capitulated for their Lives and Liberties; and that the Spaniſh Army was encamped very commodiouſly near a ſmall River on the ſame Ground that the Moors had abandoned. The laſt Account they had of the Strength of the Moors, ſhews that they were in a Condition to have made a vigorous Defence, and even to have expoſed the Spaniſh Army to great Difficulties and Hazards in the preſent Seaſon of the Year: The Mooriſh Army conſiſted of 22000 Moors, and 2000 Turks; they had about 120 Pieces of Cannon, of which 30 are Braſs, and 12 Mortars, and they were well provided with Powder, Carriages, Field Artillery, and with great Plenty of all Sorts of Proviſions, and the Fort and Fortifications are all in extreme good Order. The Officers who have been diſpatched to the Court of Spain upon this Occaſion, have been rewarded